

As seen from the given results and chromatograms, show that esomeprazole and tadalafil are well separated from their degradation products (HCl, NaOH).

### 3.9 Statistical Analysis

The row data forced to ANOVA to single factor statistical analysis to define the significance changes in data obtained by proposed method.

#### 3.9.1 ANOVA Single Factor test for Eesomeprasole Validation Data

##### 3.9.1.1 Method Reproducibility

##### 3.9.1.1.1 Variation of Analysis

ANOVA statistical method is used to analyze the differences between group means and their associated procedure. Also ANOVA provides a statistical information of whether or not the means of several groups are equal, and therefore generalizes t-test to more than two groups. In addition ANOVAs are useful in comparing three or more means (groups or variables) for statistical significance.

**Table (26): ANOVA single factor of Eesomeprasole for Variation of day and equipment**

Analysis of Variance (One-Way) Summary						
Groups	Sample size	Sum Mean		Variance		
Day 1	6	601	100.1667	2.090667		
Day 2	6	606.1	101.0167	0.413667		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	Df	MS	F	p-level	F crit
Between Groups	2.1675	1	2.1675	1.731	0.217647	4.964603
Within Groups	12.52167	10	1.252167			
Total	14.68917	11				

The above results show that, F value is less than F critical, and p-level value was less than 1 so the data obtained by this research is statistically significant.